Instagram Posts About Female Athletes Elicit More Negative Comments

INTRODUCTION

- Over half of high school females participate in sports and are influenced by portrayals of female athletes in the news media.
- Female athletes are underrepresented and frequently negatively represented (e.g. dismissed, trivialized, sexualized) in news media. One study¹ found 55.1% of comments about women athletes to be derogatory or of sexual/physical nature.
- Such negative portrayals of female athletes have been called sociocultural level stressors² and shown to lead to lower self-esteem, confidence, and sports participation among girls.
- Surveys show that over 90% of high school students use social media and it significantly influences social norms for them, especially related to sports.
- Following sports content on social media is very common among teens and it has been shown to impact their body image.
- **Instagram** is one of the most popular social media platforms and is very popular among teens, with over 60% saying they use it.
- **ESPN** is a very popular Instagram account among teens and has over 20 million followers. • While prior research has evaluated the nature and impact of **news media coverage** of female athletes, research is lacking on the **nature and potential impact of user comments about** social media posts of female athletes.
- It is important to understand the nature of user comments in order to better understand their potential impact on high school student-athletes.
- The purpose of this study is to evaluate **if and how user comments about ESPN Instagram** posts of female vs male athletes differ using two different methods: • content analysis
- linguistic inquiry and word count (LIWC)
- 1Krieger et. al. (2022): Men's comments on elite women athletes; cultural narratives around gender and sport on Instagram, Feminist Media Studies, 2Pascoe et al. (2022): Gender-specific psychosocial stressors influencing mental health among women elite and semi-elite athletes. British J of Sports Med; 56: 1381-1387

METHODS

Study Population: Most popular user comments on ESPN Instagram posts about individual male/female athletes: 50 posts X 5 comments = 250 user comments analyzed/included in study

Data Collection

- All ESPN Instagram posts were sequentially reviewed in reverse chronological order, starting with posts that were at least 14 days old at the start of the data collection period
- A 14 day cut-off was used to minimize the chances of a significant change in the number of "likes" and the specific Top 5 user comments to be included for any given post.
- Inclusion criteria:
- posts of individual athletes; posts at least 14 days old
- Exclusion criteria:
- posts about teams; posts including multiple athletes; posts not in English; posts limited to pictures (e.g. GIFs and memes); multiple posts about the same individual athlete*
- It took 18 days (female) vs 5 days (male) to collect 25 unique individual posts of female and male athletes. - 421 ESPN Instagram posts were screened during the data collection period (May 25 - June 11, 2023)

* If an athlete is posted multiple times within a short period of time, then the athlete post with the most number of comments was selected. Data collection continued until there were 25 unique female athletes and 25 unique male athletes included in the data set.

Study Design: Content Analysis & Linguistic Inquiry and Word Count (LIWC)

- Variables Reviewed
- **Engagement statistics**: number of likes and number of comments per post
- **Top 5 user comments** with the **most number of "likes"** among the first 10 posted
- **Content Analysis of Top 5 User Comments** (code book descriptions)

Positive	Negative	Neutral	Sexual	Not Related
Says something positive about the athelte or their sport.	Says something negative about the athlete or their sport. This includes being dismissive about the athlete by saying "Nobody cares" or "Who?"	ambigous whether it's postive or	Says something sexual about the athlete and/or mentions body/appearence of athlete.	A comment about another sport or another event going on. A comment that seems completely not related to the post.

- For LIWC analysis, User Comments were analyzed for negative emotion/positive emotion **Statistical Analysis**

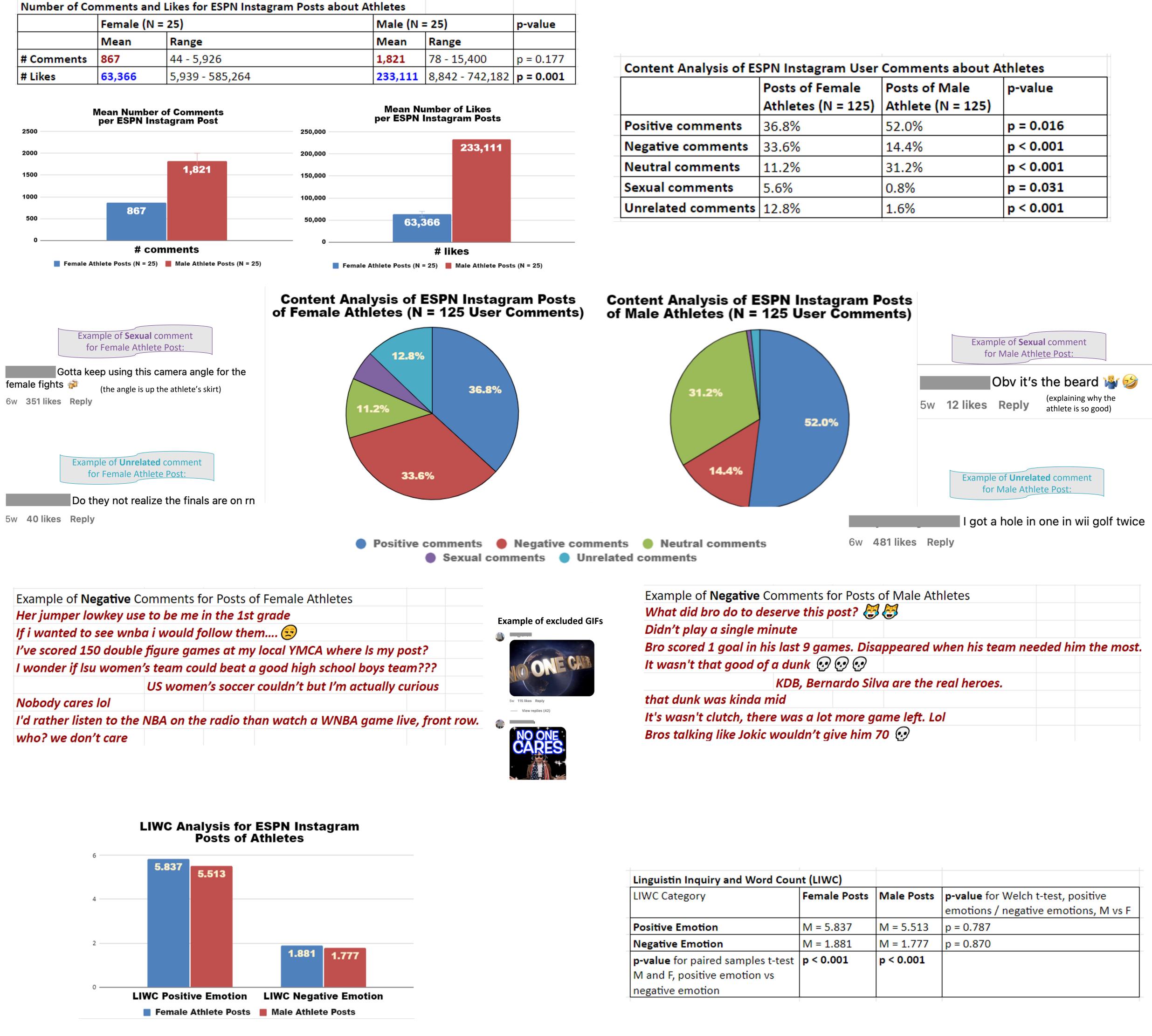
- T-test

- Comparison of user **engagement statistics (# likes):** female vs male athlete posts
- Comparison of user engagement statistics (# total comments): female vs male athlete posts
- Comparison of LIWC negative emotion vs positive emotion score for female athletes Comparison of LIWC negative emotion vs positive emotion score for male athletes
- Comparison of **LIWC negative emotion** score: female vs male athlete user comments
- Comparison of LIWC positive emotion score: female vs male athlete user comments
- Chi Square test
- Comparison of percent **positive user comments**: female vs male athlete posts
- Comparison of percent **negative user comments**: female vs male athlete posts Comparison of percent **sexual/physical user comments**: female vs male athlete posts
- Comparison of percent **neutral user comments**: female vs male athlete posts
- Comparison of percent **unrelated user comments**: female vs male athlete posts

Azara Mason¹ and Matt Minich² ¹University School of Milwaukee

²School of Journalism and Mass Communication, University of Wisconsin-Madison

RESULTS



Content Analysis of ESPN Instagram User Comments about Athletes						
	Posts of Female Athletes (N = 125)	Posts of Male Athlete (N = 125)	p-value			
Positive comments	36.8%	52.0%	p = 0.016			
Negative comments	33.6%	14.4%	p < 0.001			
Neutral comments	11.2%	31.2%	p < 0.001			
Sexual comments	5.6%	0.8%	p = 0.031			
Unrelated comments	12.8%	1.6%	p < 0.001			

Linguistin Inquiry and Word Cour	nt (LIWC)			
LIWC Category	Female Posts	Male Posts	p-value for Welch t-test, positive emotions / negative emotions, M vs F	
Positive Emotion	M = 5.837	M = 5.513	p = 0.787	
Negative Emotion	M = 1.881	M = 1.777	p = 0.870	
p-value for paired samples t-test M and F, positive emotion vs negative emotion	p < 0.001	p < 0.001		



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CONCLUSIONS

- Despite all ESPN Instagram posts of athletes being positive and supportive, user engagement and comments were more negative towards female athletes.
- Moreover, the negative bias towards female athletes may be undercounted since many comments coded "unrelated" were of a dismissive nature towards women sports.
- Adolescents exposed to even positive media coverage of female athletes may suffer negative consequences (e.g. lower selfesteem, lower participation rates) if a "backlash" of negative **comments** are solicited from users. As such, these **user comments** deserve **monitoring** by companies who post comments and should be further **studied** by researchers.
- While content analysis was able to document gender disparity in the nature of user comments, **LIWC** (a commonly used statistical approach) did not capture this difference.
- **Study limitations** include the limited time frame of the study; posts reflected the seasonal nature of sports. In addition, many gifs were present but excluded. Finally, some comments required context knowledge to be able to understand intent.

FUTURE STUDIES

- Future studies should include memes and gifs since they are very prevalent. In addition, studies should either include all sports seasons or limit themselves to a single sport for analysis.
- Future studies should also focus on the limitations of LIWC analysis and when context of comments may fail to identify the intent of words.

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Azara Mason 24amason@ga.usmk12.org

http://smahrtresearch.c



@SMAHRTe

@SMAHRTe Https://business.facebook. com/ SMAHRTeam/

Megan A. Moreno, MD, MSEd, MPH

moreno@wisc.edu

